

# Kofax Equitrac

## API Reference Guide

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The logo for KOFAX, consisting of the word "KOFAX" in a bold, blue, sans-serif font.

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# Equitrac API Overview

Equitrac API provides a REST API to perform operations in the Equitrac product. It is designed to use from various client applications that needs integration with Equitrac. Customers can use our web hosted API in an industry standard way, so the clients can use any technology and can run on any devices, and sending requests to our API does not need uncommon, custom implementation.

## Installation and configuration

The Equitrac API (EQAPI) is installed along with the Equitrac Core Accounting Server (CAS) in the ControlSuite Installer. There are no additional steps needed to install EQAPI.

If you have not already installed Equitrac 6.1, refer to the [ControlSuite Installation Webhelp](#).

EQAPI Prerequisites:

- .NET Framework v4.6 or higher
- .NET Core runtime v2.2 or higher

After Equitrac 6.1 is installed, run the Configuration Assistant and set the following:

1. On the **Certificate Management** page, Generate a self-signed certificate or Import a custom certificate. EQAPI can only be used through a HTTPS connection.
2. On the **CS Enrollment** page, enroll the following services into the Security Framework:
  - **Equitrac API**
  - **Web Client**
  - **Core Accounting Service**

Once the EQAPI is installed and setup, it can be accessed on the 'https://localhost:8282/equitracapi/' URL.

3. On the **Licensing** page, ensure that the **Public API functionality** license entitlement is assigned to your system.

## Licensing

License Server

**Server location** <https://am-2016:44370>

**Server ID** 005056BDC520

[Open Kofax Customer Portal](#)

Feature	Available	Used	Expiration date
Print Submission	Yes	2	permanent
Process Designer	Yes	0	permanent
Public API functionality	Yes	0	permanent
Quota Manager	Yes	0	permanent
Quotas and Billing Acc	Yes	1	permanent
Reporting	Yes	0	permanent

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If EQAPI is not licensed, all API entry points (except the Status API) returns with an 402 response code. The license status of EQAPI can be acquired with the Status API. Refer to the [Kofax Knowledge Base](#) webpage for licensing support.

## IIS configuration

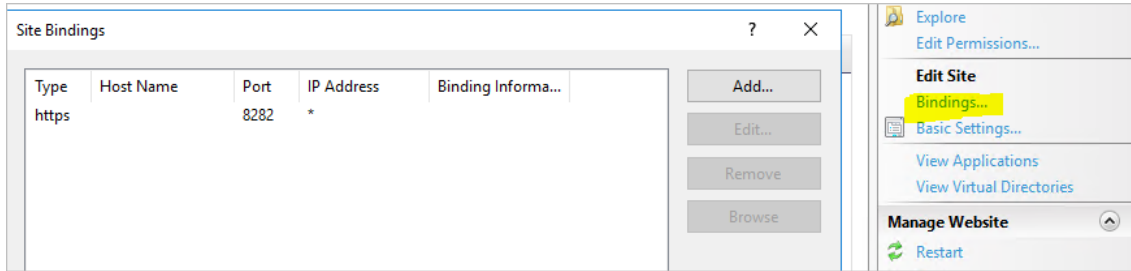
EQAPI is a public API, and can be used in different network environments.

**Note** By default EQAPI is installed in IIS and listens on port 8282 with HTTPS protocol. The IIS configuration can be changed manually to suite your environment.

The following are EQAPI IIS settings:

- Application pool: EquitracAPI with the default IIS user.
- Default user: IIS built-in user.
- Web site: Equitrac API

- Default configuration: HTTPS binding with the certificate selected in Configuration Assistant, listening on port 8282.



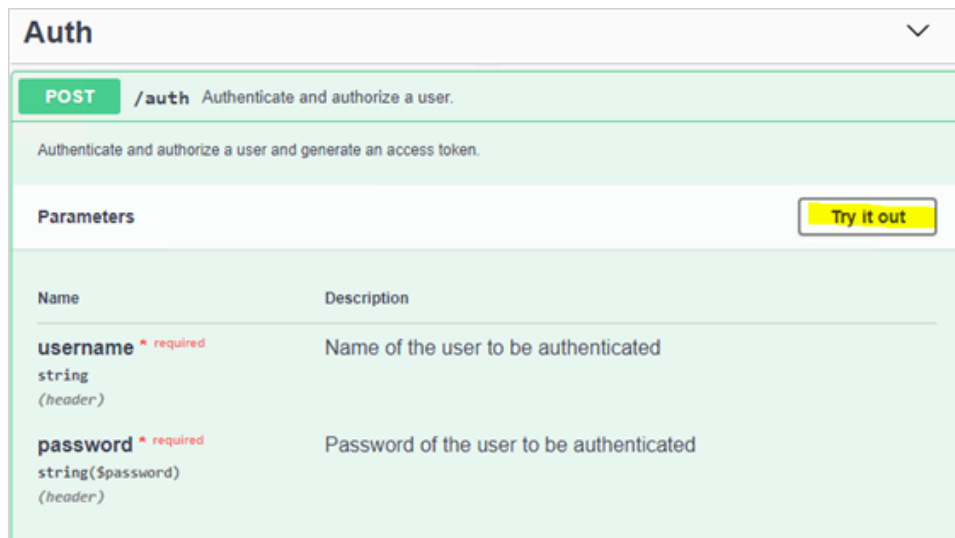
- Web application: EquitracAPI under the EquitracAPI web site.

## Authenticate and authorize a user

Authentication and authorization in EQAPI works according to the [OAuth 2 standard](#). OAuth 2.0 is the industry-standard protocol for authorization by providing specific authorization flows for web applications, desktop applications and mobile devices.

To authenticate and authorize a user with Auth API, and generate an access token, do the following:

1. Send a **POST request** to the Auth API (/auth). Enter the **username** and **password** for the Windows user to be authenticated.





## API reference

EQAPI has a web page where all API entry points are documented and can be played with them. It is called the Swagger page, see in the next section. Every operations are well documented and self-explanatory there, including the possible parameters and the possible results.”

### ApiError

All non-success responses contain ApiError object(s). This object provides a unique business error code for possible error cases and a textual message.

```
ApiError {
  description:
  code
    Represents an error from all possible error cases
    integer($int32)
    Available values :
    NoError = 0,
    UserInvalidCredential = 1001,
    Unauthorized = 1002,
    Forbidden = 1003,
    NameAlreadyExists = 2001,
    NameNotFound = 2002,
    AccountInvalidCredential = 2003,
    InsufficientFunds = 3001,
    InsufficientColorQuota = 3002,
    ChargeAccountIsLocked = 3003,
    AccountIsLocked = 3004,
    ParameterIsInvalid = 4001,
    ServiceCommunicationError = 5001,
    ServiceConnectionError = 5002,
    Unlicensed = 6001,
    UrlMismatch = 7001,
    ParameterTypeMismatch = 7002,
    HttpsOnly = 7003,
    UnsupportedApiVersion = 8001,
    UnspecifiedError = 8002

    Enum:
      > Array [ 20 ]
  message
    string
    Textual message to increase understanding the error situation
}
```

The business error code can be used to automate the processing of the responses. The textual message is a human readable description of the error code.

All business like errors are delivered under the response code 400 (Bad Request). Business like error means that the EQAPI infrastructure is healthy, but some regular business process generates an error. For example, if the user wants to add an account which already exists, the service will return a “The given name already exists!” error.



Example for possible business error codes (with human readable texts):

```
[
  {
    "code": 2001,
    "message": "The given name already exists!"
  },
  {
    "code": 4001,
    "message": "The amount should be a number!"
  },
  {
    "code": 4001,
    "message": "A parameter was missing or has invalid format or value!"
  }
]
```

There are other errors which are not strictly related to the business operation, but they are also contain an ApiError object in the response.

Example for “non business” errors (in this case for HTTP 403):

403	<i>Insufficient role</i>
Example Value   Model	
application/json	
<pre>{   "code": 1003,   "message": "This user does not have role to perform this operation!" }</pre>	

## Swagger page

EQAPI has a Swagger web page with a collection of all API entry points, where you can see the input and response parameters, and send requests to them.

The Swagger page is accessed at the EQAPI root URL. (Default is 'https://localhost:8282/equitracapi').

swagger Select a spec EquitracAPI

### EquitracAPI 1.0.0.0

[ Base URL: /EquitracAPI ]  
/EquitracAPI/swagger/index.html

EquitracAPI, Version=1.0.0.0, Culture=neutral, PublicKeyToken=null

**Auth** ▾

- POST** /auth Authenticate and authorize a user.

**Balance** ▾

- POST** /deposit/{type} Adjust the balance of an account (user or department or billing code)
- GET** /validateAccount Validate account

**BillingCode** ▾

- GET** /billingcode Retrieve an existing billing code
- PUT** /billingcode Update an existing billing code
- POST** /billingcode Add a new billing code
- DELETE** /billingcode Delete an existing billing code
- GET** /billingcodes Retrieve a set of billing codes available for a user or department

**Department** ▾

- GET** /department Retrieve an existing department
- PUT** /department Update an existing department
- POST** /department Add a new department
- DELETE** /department Delete an existing department

**ManageUser** ▾

- GET** /user Retrieve an existing user
- PUT** /user Update an existing user
- POST** /user Add a new user
- DELETE** /user Delete an existing user

**Status** ▾

- GET** /status Retrieving Status information like version, license, health check

**Transaction** ▾

- POST** /transaction/print Record a print transaction
- POST** /transaction/scan Record a scan transaction

For every API entry points there are description about the operation, the input parameters and all possible responses. There are example values for the parameters for reference. Use the **Model** view to see the detailed description about the parameter fields. The mandatory fields are marked with a red asterisk.

## Parameters

Example Value **Model**

```
ManageUserDto v {
  description: Properties for a manage user operation
  accountName* string
                maxLength: 255
                Account name
  fullName      string
                maxLength: 100
                Full name
  emailAddress   string
                maxLength: 100
                Email address
  balance        number($double)
                Balance
  hardLimit      number($double)
                Hard limit (the lowest balance allowed)
  primaryPin     string
                maxLength: 255
                Primary PIN
  secondaryPin   string
                maxLength: 255
                Secondary Pin
  alternatePrimaryPin string
                maxLength: 255
                Alternate primary Pin
  homeDre        string
                maxLength: 255
                Home DRE
  colorQuota     integer($int32)
                Set this to -1 for unlimited.
  colorPageCount integer($int32)
                Color page count
  locked         boolean
                Is the account locked?
  department     string
                maxLength: 100
                Department
  scanHomeFolder string
                Scan home folder
}
```

All API models are described at the bottom of the page in the **Models** section.

The screenshot shows a 'Models' section with two expandable items. The first is 'TokenResponse' which is expanded to show the following details:

- access\_token**: Contains the generated token in OAuth2 compliant format. Type: string, readOnly: true.
- token\_type**: Contains the generated access token in Base64 format. Type: string, readOnly: true. Note: Per definition it is "bearer" now.
- expires\_in**: Expiration time in seconds. Type: integer(\$int32), readOnly: true.

The second item is 'ApiError' which is collapsed and shows 'ApiError > {...}'.

As was previously mentioned, every operation needs an access token with proper roles. Handling of the access token is automated on the Swagger page, and there is no need for any manual copy operation:

1. First authenticate the user with the Auth API.

The screenshot shows the Swagger UI for the 'Auth' endpoint. The endpoint is a POST request to '/auth' with the description 'Authenticate and authorize a user.' Below this, a more detailed description reads 'Authenticate and authorize a user and generate an access token.' There is a 'Parameters' section with a 'Try it out' button. The parameters are:

Name	Description
<b>username</b> * required string (header)	Name of the user to be authenticated
<b>password</b> * required string(\$password) (header)	Password of the user to be authenticated





4. There are many examples for each operation.

